#### **NATIONAL SPORTS POLICY 2025**

NEWS: India, a country with immense talent and growing ambitions in the global sporting arena, is poised for a strategic transformation with the introduction of the **National Sports Policy 2025**.

#### WHAT'S IN THE NEWS?

#### **About the Policy**

## • Supersedes the 2001 Policy:

The National Sports Policy (NSP) 2025 replaces the existing National Sports Policy, 2001, to reflect the evolving aspirations of India in the global sports ecosystem.

### • Vision for India as a Global Sporting Power:

The policy lays out a strategic roadmap to transform India into a leading sporting nation and aims to position the country as a serious contender for hosting the **2036 Olympic Games**.

## II. Five Key Pillars of NSP 2025

### • 1. Excellence on the Global Stage:

- Focuses on strengthening the sports ecosystem from grassroots to elite levels.
- Aims to build world-class systems for athlete training, coaching, talent identification, and holistic support including nutrition, psychology, and sports science.

## • 2. Sports for Economic Development:

- Envisions sports as a catalyst for economic growth through **sports tourism**, hosting international sporting events, and boosting sports-related industries.
- Encourages **private sector participation** in sports infrastructure, management, and sponsorship.

# • 3. Sports for Social Development:

- Promotes inclusivity by ensuring participation from women, tribal communities, economically weaker sections, and persons with disabilities.
- Implements targeted schemes and community engagement programs to reach marginalized groups.

### • 4. Sports as a People's Movement:

- Aims to drive mass participation in sports and fitness activities through nationwide awareness campaigns, events, and competitions.
- Seeks to instill a culture of fitness and active living as part of the national identity.

### • 5. Integration with Education (NEP 2020 Alignment):

• Integrates sports into the school curriculum in alignment with the **National** Education Policy (NEP) 2020.

• Proposes development of structured sports education programs at school and college levels to foster early talent and physical well-being.

# III. Strategic Framework of Implementation

### • Governance and Legal Reforms:

Proposes the establishment of a strong **regulatory and legal framework** for sports governance to enhance transparency, accountability, and professionalism.

#### • Private Sector Involvement and Funding:

Aims to develop **innovative financing models**, including Public-Private Partnerships (PPP) and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) contributions, to scale up investment in sports.

## • Use of Technology and Innovation:

Plans to leverage **emerging technologies** such as Artificial Intelligence (AI), data analytics, and wearable tech for performance monitoring, sports science research, and program delivery.

### • National Monitoring Framework:

Establishes a national-level system with **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)**, time-bound milestones, and regular reporting to ensure accountability and outcomes.

### • Model Policy for States/UTs:

NSP 2025 will act as a **reference model** for States and Union Territories to create or revise their own policies aligned with national goals and tailored to local needs.

### • Whole-of-Government Approach:

Encourages integration of sports promotion across all **Ministries and Departments**, including health, education, tourism, rural development, and youth affairs, for cross-sectoral impact.

### IV. Need for the New Policy

## • Underperformance in Global Sporting Events:

India won only 6 medals (1 silver, 5 bronze) in the recent Paris Olympics, ranking 71st, far behind countries with smaller populations like Georgia and Kazakhstan.

#### • Low Historical Performance:

Since its Olympic debut in **1900**, India has secured only **41 Olympic medals**, all in Summer Games—highlighting a long-standing gap in high-performance sports.

## • Comparison with Other Nations:

Countries like the **USA** and **China**, despite having smaller or comparable populations, dominate global sports due to robust systems and sporting culture.

#### • Need for a Sporting Culture:

The disappointing medal tally reignited public debate on the absence of a structured and widespread sporting culture in India.

### V. Significance of the Policy

### • Structured Talent Development:

Focuses on identifying, nurturing, and developing sports talent from an early age through scientifically designed training and competitive exposure pathways.

## • Support for PPP in Infrastructure:

Encourages **Public-Private Partnerships** to boost sports infrastructure, academies, equipment manufacturing, and event hosting capabilities.

## • Economic Value of Sports:

Recognizes the **economic potential** of sports in terms of **employment generation**, **tourism**, **retail**, **and infrastructure development**.

# • Integration of Sports Science and Medicine:

Emphasizes the role of sports science, including **injury management**, **psychology**, **biomechanics**, **and nutrition**, in athlete performance and recovery.

## • Alignment with National Campaigns:

The NSP 2025 aligns with flagship initiatives like **Fit India Movement, Khelo India Mission**, and the long-term development vision of **Viksit Bharat** @2047.

Source: <a href="https://www.thehindu.com/news/national/union-cabinet-approves-national-sports-policy-2025/article69759327.ece">https://www.thehindu.com/news/national/union-cabinet-approves-national-sports-policy-2025/article69759327.ece</a>