SHORTNEWS:

1.GÖDEL PRIZE

Context: Indian-origin professor Eshan Chattopadhyay, along with David Zuckerman, won the 2025 Gödel Prize for their 2016 paper, 'Explicit Two-Source Extractors and Resilient Functions'.

- The paper presents a major breakthrough in randomness extraction.
 - It is a process that **converts unreliable or weak random sources into strong**, **usable random numbers**—critical for secure computing, including cryptography and communications.

About the Godel Prize

- The prize is named in honor of contribution made by **Kurt Gödel** for his key contributions to mathematical logic, including the famous "P vs NP" question.
- Recognises outstanding papers in the area of theoretical computer science.
- **Sponsored by:** The European Association for Theoretical Computer Science (EATCS) and the Special Interest Group on Algorithms and Computation Theory of the Association for Computing Machinery (ACM SIGACT).
- The Prize includes an award of \$5000 (US).
- Eligibility: The research work nominated for the award should be in the area of theoretical computer science.

2.'NAVYA' – A JOINT PILOT INITIATIVE FOR SKILLING ADOLESCENT GIRLS

Context: The Centre to Launch 'NAVYA' – Nurturing Aspirations through Vocational Training for Young Adolescent Girls.

- Pilot initiaitve: A joint pilot initiative by the Ministry of Women and Child Development (MWCD) and Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE).
- Target Group: Adolescent girls aged 16–18 years with minimum Class 10 qualification.
- Focus: Skill training in non-traditional job roles to promote women-led development.
- Coverage: 27 districts across 19 States, including Aspirational districts and those in the North-eastern region.

Objective

• Empower adolescent girls with skills, confidence, and job opportunities.

• Enable them to be change agents in India's inclusive and self-reliant growth journey towards Viksit Bharat@2047.

3.TRIPURA ACHIEVED FULL FUNCTIONAL LITERACY

Context: Tripura was declared fully literate under the ULLAS – Nav Bharat Saaksharta Karyakram (New India Literacy Programme)

- Ladakh was the first administrative unit to declare full literacy on 24th June 2024 followed by Goa and Mizoram
- Literacy Rate of Tripura: 95.6% (up from 20.24% in 1961).

About Functional Literacy

- Functional literacy means having basic skills in reading, writing, and math to handle everyday tasks.
- **Importance:** It helps people read signs, fill forms, manage money, understand health-related information, and participate in society.

About ULLAS - Nav Bharat Saaksharta Karyakram

- ULLAS, also known as the New India Literacy Programme (NILP), is a centrally sponsored scheme.
- Aligned with NEP (2020): It is aligned with the goals of the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020.
- **Volunteer Driven:** This scheme is volunteer-driven and promotes the spirit of Jan Jan Saakshar (Literacy for All) and is based on the spirit of Kartavya Bodh.
- Target Group: The scheme focuses on educating adults aged 15 years and above who missed out on formal schooling.

4.INDIA TO LINK RARE DONOR REGISTRY WITH E-RAKT KOSH

Context: The Health Ministry plans to link India's Rare Donor Registry (RDRI) with e-Rakt Kosh—the national online system for blood banks and blood availability.

What is e-Rakt Kosh?

- e-Rakt Kosh is a centralized digital platform developed under the National Health Mission (NHM).
- It helps manage and monitor blood bank operations across India.
- Available as both a web portal and mobile app, it connects citizens, blood banks, and health authorities.

• **key features:** Real-time blood availability, Blood bank directory, Blood donation camps, and Donor services.

Rare Donor Registry (RDRI)

- Developed by Indian Council of Medical Research National Institute of Immunohaematology (ICMR-NIIH).
- Contains 4,000+ screened donors tested against 300+ rare blood markers.
 - Rare Blood Groups lack common antigen combinations usually found in most people's blood.
- Includes ultra-rare groups like Bombay blood group, P-Null, and Rh-null.
- To support patients with rare blood types—especially those with conditions like thalassemia and sickle cell disease—by maintaining a national database of carefully screened donors.

Benefits of the Integration

- Central Access: One-stop search for blood banks, blood availability, and donation camps.
- Improved Management: Blood banks can track rare donors and stock levels more effectively.

Life-saving Reach: Aims to prevent deaths due to lack of rare blood types.

5.ESTIMATES COMMITTEE

Context: Recently, Lok Sabha Speaker Om Birla addressed the National Conference of Estimates Committees of Parliament and State/UT Legislative Bodies in Mumbai during its 75th anniversary, emphasizing its role in budgetary reforms.

Estimates Committee of the Parliament

- The Estimates Committee was constituted in 1950.
- Composition: Composed of 30 members, elected annually by the Lok Sabha from among its members.
- Chairperson: Appointed by the Speaker of the Lok Sabha from among its members.
- A **Minister** cannot be a member of this committee.
 - If a member is appointed a minister, they cease to be part of the committee.
- Term of Office: One year.
- Functions of the Committee

- Examine and Suggest Economies: Recommends economies, organizational improvements, and administrative reforms to enhance efficiency while staying within the policy of the estimates.
- **Policy Suggestions for Efficiency**: Suggests alternative policies for improving **efficiency** and **economy** in administration.
- Evaluation of Expenditure: Assesses whether the allocated funds are being well-utilized according to the policy framework indicated by the estimates.
- Suggestions for Presentation of Estimates: Recommends the format in which the estimates should be presented to Parliament.
- Exclusions: The Committee does not work on Public Undertakings that are assigned to the Committee on Public Undertakings as per the Rules of Procedure.