SHORTNEWS:

1.AMCA FIGHTER JET EXECUTION MODEL

NEWS: Defence Minister Rajnath Singh has approved the execution model for India's Advanced Medium Combat Aircraft (AMCA) project.

About AMCA Fighter Jet Project

- It is India's first indigenous fifth-generation fighter jet project.
- Designed to perform deep penetration missions, close combat, swing-role, and precision strikes.

Project Highlights

- Stealth Technology: Incorporates an internal weapons bay and Diverterless Supersonic Intake (DSI) for reduced radar visibility.
- Twin-Engine Power: The MK1 version will use the General Electric F-414 engine, while the MK2 version will feature a more powerful engine co-developed with Saran of France.
- The Aeronautical Development Agency (ADA), under the Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO), will lead the project in partnership with both public and private Indian industry players

Strategic Importance

- India's entry into the fifth-generation fighter club—currently limited to the US, Russia, and China—strengthens India's defence capabilities and self-reliance (Aatmanirbharta) in aerospace technology.
- Helps maintain India's air superiority against growing threats in the Indo-Pacific region.

What is Stealth Technology?

- It is an advanced technique and materials which is used to make vehicles or any object less detectable by detection methods like radar, infrared, sonar, and electromagnetic surveillance tools.
- Also known as: low-observable technology.
- Application: Used in missiles, military aircrafts, and ships.

2.SUMY REGION

NEWS: Russian forces have captured four villages (Novenke, Basivka, Veselivka, and Zhuravka) in the Sumy region of **northeastern Ukraine.**

About Sumy Region

- It is located in northeastern Ukraine, bordering Russia's Kursk, Bryansk, and Belgorod oblasts.
- Situated on the banks of the Psel River.
- Bordered by
 - It is adjacent to Ukraine's Chernihiv and Kharkiv regions.
- Strategic importance of the Sumy region:
 - **Border Proximity:** Directly adjacent to Russia, making it crucial for military operations.
 - Military Access: Key entry point for cross-border strikes between Ukraine and Russia.
- **Desna River The largest river** flowing through the region.

3.INTERPOL SILVER NOTICES

NEWS: The Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) recently published Interpol Silver Notices against two fugitives.

• India's first Silver Notice was issued against the Personnel Visas & Local Law Officer at the French Embassy in Delhi, allegedly committing visa fraud.

About Silver Notice

- They are the **new colour-coded notice**, which enables identifying, locating, obtaining, and monitoring the assets of a subject worldwide.
 - It is the latest addition to Interpol's colour-coded alert system.
- Aim: The Silver Notice is aimed at enhancing global cooperation in combating financial crimes.
- Purpose: The notice assists member countries in identifying, locating, and recovering criminally obtained assets like, Properties; Vehicles; Financial accounts; Businesses.
- Scope of Criminal Activities: Silver Notices are particularly useful in cases linked to,
 - Fraud; Corruption; Drug Trafficking; Environmental Crimes

About Interpol Notices

• These are international alerts used by police forces to share information about crimes, criminals, and threats with other nations

4.LADAKH DOMICILE POLICY

NEWS: The Union Government is considering a **new domicile policy for Ladakh** which will determine the domicile status of the residents of Ladakh.

Proposed Policy

- Citizens who have **resided continuously in Ladakh since 2019 for 15 years** will be considered domiciles starting in 2034.
- Those settling in Ladakh after 2019 will only be eligible for domicile after 15 years of stay (i.e., post-2034).
- The policy defines eligibility for 5% of gazetted government posts.

Background & Demands

- Ladakh became a Union Territory in 2019 after Article 370 was revoked.
- Protests erupted in 2020, with demands including:
 - Statehood for Ladakh
 - Sixth Schedule inclusion (tribal safeguards)
 - Job reservation for locals
 - Separate parliamentary seats for Leh and Kargil

Comparison with J&K Policy

- J&K's 2020 policy allows 15-year residents or students who studied for 7 years and appeared for Class 10/12 exams to qualify as domiciles.
- Children of central government officials posted for 10 years in J&K are also eligible.
- No cut-off date in J&K's policy, unlike Ladakh's 2019 base year.

5.MT. KHANGCHENDZONGA

NEWS: The Chief Minister of Sikkim in a letter addressed to the Union Home Minister has urged the Centre to ensure the sanctity of Mt. Khangchendzonga by urging the Nepal government to ban all mountaineering activities.

• A team from the National Institute of Mountaineering and Adventure Sports (NIMAS) has recently ascended the peak from the Nepal side.

About Mt. Khangchendzonga

- Meaning: The name Mt. Khangchendzonga means, "five treasures of the high snows" in Tsangpa Tibetan.
- Height: Mount Kanchenjunga is the third highest mountain in the world and India's tallest peak standing at 8,568 metres above sea level (28,169 feet).
- Location: It is located on the border between Nepal (Taplejung District) and Sikkim (India), in the eastern Himalayas.
- Appearance: The entire Mt. Khangchendzonga range is popularly referred to as the "Sleeping Buddha" as its various peaks appear to be forming different parts of the Buddha.
- Kanchenjunga Massif: It is in the form of a gigantic cross with four main peaks (Kanchenjunga Main, Yalung Kang, Kangchenjunga Central, and others) connected by ridges.
- Religious Significance: The mountain is revered as the abode of the principal guardian and protector-deity of Sikkim, known as Dzoe-Nga.
 - **Dzoe-Nga** is **worshipped as the Pho-lha**, or the chief of the entire assemblage of supernatural entities of Sikkim.
- Untrodden Peak: The mountain was scaled for the first time in 1955 by a British Expedition, however the peak was not touched.
 - The Sikkim government has banned all climbing activities on Mt. Khangchendzonga through notifications in 1998 and 2001 under the Sacred Places of Worship (Special Provisions) Act, 1991.
- World Heritage Site: Khangchendzonga National Park including Mt. Khangchendzonga is a UNESCO Mixed World Heritage Site, officiated in 2016.