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Mahuadanr Wolf Sanctuary

- Establishment: The sanctuary was established in 1976, specifically for the conservation of the Indian Grey Wolf population.
- Location: It lies within the Palamau Tiger Reserve, situated in the state of Jharkhand.
- **River System**: The **Burha River** flows through the sanctuary, supporting its ecological diversity.
- Conservation Objective: It is India's only sanctuary dedicated exclusively to the protection of Indian Grey Wolves.

About the Indian Grey Wolf (Canis lupus pallipes)

- Scientific Classification: Subspecies of the grey wolf, Canis lupus pallipes.
- Geographical Range: Found across Southwest Asia and the Indian subcontinent, including countries such as India and Pakistan.
- **Preferred Habitat**: Thrives in **dry deciduous Sal (Shorea robusta) forests**, open grasslands, and semi-arid scrublands.

Other Wolf Species Found in India

- Tibetan Wolf (Canis lupus chanco):
 - Found in the trans-Himalayan and cold desert regions, such as Ladakh and northern Himachal Pradesh.
- Himalayan Wolf (Canis lupus himalayensis):
 - Considered a genetically distinct and ancient lineage, possibly evolving before other grey wolf subspecies.
 - Inhabits high-altitude ecosystems of Spiti Valley, Ladakh, and western Tibet.
 - Its taxonomic status is **debated**, with some researchers advocating for it as a separate species.



Unique Ecological and Cultural Aspects

- Denning Behaviour:
 - Indian Grey Wolves choose **den sites away from human settlements**, usually on **higher slopes with dense shrubbery**.
- Link with Sarna Faith:
 - The Sarna Dharma is a tribal religious practice observed in Jharkhand.
 - During November to February, Sarna followers refrain from entering Sal forests, coinciding with the wolf denning season, providing a natural buffer against human interference.

- Pack Behaviour and Hunting:
 - Wolves in Mahuadanr form **smaller and more discreet packs** than other subspecies.
 - They are less vocal and exhibit nocturnal hunting patterns, primarily active during dusk and dawn.

Ecological Role of Indian Grey Wolves

- Act as **top carnivores** in their ecosystems, playing a **crucial role in controlling herbivore populations**.
- Prevent **overgrazing** and contribute to **maintaining biodiversity** in the forest ecosystem.

Conservation and Legal Protection

Protection Framework	Status
IUCN Red List	Endangered in India (Population: ~3,000–3,100)
Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972	2 Schedule I – highest legal protection
CITES	Appendix I – international trade is highly restricted