IMF WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK - ECONOMY

NEWS: The International Monetary Fund (IMF) has recently published its World Economic Outlook (WEO).

WHAT'S IN THE NEWS?

About the International Monetary Fund (IMF)

1.1. Establishment and Purpose:

- The IMF was established in **1944 at the Bretton Woods Conference**, in response to the economic instability caused by the **Great Depression of the 1930s** and World War II.
- It began operations in 1945 with the objective to promote global monetary cooperation, ensure financial stability, and facilitate balanced international trade and sustainable economic growth.

1.2. Membership and Headquarters:

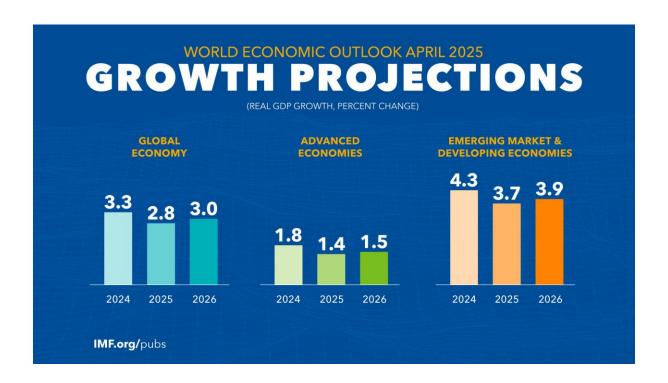
- The IMF has **190 member countries** (as of 2025), nearly all nations of the world.
- It is headquartered in Washington, D.C., United States.

1.3. Core Functions:

- **Economic Surveillance**: Monitoring of global and national economic trends and policies.
- Lending: Provides short- and medium-term financial assistance to countries facing balance of payment problems.
- Capacity Development: Offers training and technical assistance to member countries to strengthen their economic institutions.

1.4. Key Publications:

- World Economic Outlook (WEO) flagship report analyzing global macroeconomic trends.
- Global Financial Stability Report (GFSR) focuses on developments and risks in global financial markets.
- **Fiscal Monitor** analyzes public finance developments and fiscal policies of member countries.



2. About the World Economic Outlook (WEO)

2.1. Nature and Role:

- The World Economic Outlook (WEO) is the IMF's primary macroeconomic report, providing a comprehensive analysis of the world economy, including growth projections, risks, and policy recommendations.
- It is used by **policymakers**, **economists**, **and global investors** for economic planning and international comparisons.

2.2. Publication Cycle:

• Released twice a year, typically in April and October, with interim updates in January and July to reflect rapid developments.

3. Key Findings of WEO – April 2025 Edition

3.1. Global Uncertainty and Volatility

- The IMF identifies a **sharp increase in global economic uncertainty** as the dominant challenge for 2025.
- Its World Trade Uncertainty Index has surged to a level seven times higher than in October 2024, indicating heightened instability in global trade environments.

3.2. Downward Revision of Global Economic Growth

- The IMF has **lowered global GDP growth forecasts** in light of rising geopolitical tensions and trade disruptions.
 - 2025: Global GDP projected to grow by 2.8%.
 - 2026: Growth expected to improve slightly to 3.0%.
- These projections mark a downgrade from earlier forecasts, reflecting caution over trade fragmentation and investment slowdown.

3.3. Euro Area – Sluggish Recovery

- The **Eurozone economy** is expected to grow at a pace **below the global average**, facing structural challenges and external headwinds:
 - **2025**: Growth forecast at **0.8%**.
 - 2026: Slight recovery to 1.2%.

3.4. Trade Tensions and Tariff Wars

- The report notes that tariff wars have replaced COVID-19 as the primary global economic disruptor.
- On 2 April 2025, the United States imposed its largest tariff hike in modern history, triggering a chain reaction of retaliatory measures and disrupting global supply chains.
- The re-emergence of **protectionist policies** has revived the supply chain disruptions experienced during the pandemic era.

3.5. US Bond Market Concerns

- Investor confidence in US government bonds has declined, which traditionally are considered "safe-haven assets."
- Prices of US Treasury bonds have fallen, as investors began selling off due to fears over long-term fiscal stability and geopolitical uncertainty.

3.6. Country-Specific Growth Forecasts

- China: GDP growth forecast for 2025 has been downgraded to 4.0% from 4.6% (January 2025 estimate), due to property sector slowdown and trade disruptions.
- United States: GDP growth revised down by 90 basis points to 1.8%, attributed to restrictive monetary policies and weakened investor sentiment.

4. World Economic Outlook (April 2025) – India Specific Findings

4.1. India – Fastest-Growing Major Economy

- India is projected to maintain its position as the **fastest-growing major economy globally**.
 - 2025: Projected growth rate at 6.2%.
 - 2026: Growth slightly higher at 6.3%.

4.2. Factors Supporting India's Growth

- Despite a complex global environment, **India's macroeconomic fundamentals** remain strong, supported by:
 - Robust domestic demand,
 - Ongoing infrastructure investments,
 - Improving credit availability, and
 - Government reforms in manufacturing, logistics, and green energy.

4.3. Downward Revision Compared to Earlier Forecasts

- The current estimates represent a **slight downward revision** from the **January 2025 forecasts**, primarily due to:
 - Escalating global trade tensions and
 - Volatility in energy and commodity prices impacting global demand.

Source: https://www.imf.org/en/Blogs/Articles/2025/04/22/the-global-economy-enters-a-new-era