H5N1 VIRUS: SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

NEWS: Emerging H5N1 mutations raise risk of human infections

WHAT'S IN THE NEWS?

H5N1 avian influenza, primarily affecting birds, has recently mutated (PB2-E627K), enhancing its replication in human cells. The virus has spread globally, infecting over 200 mammalian species, but human-to-human transmission remains limited.

H5N1 Avian Influenza:

- **H5N1 Virus**: A subtype of the influenza A virus, causing severe flu in birds and occasionally in mammals, including humans.
- Enzootic and Panzootic: The virus is enzootic in bird populations and panzootic, affecting multiple species across regions.
- **Human Infections**: The virus can infect humans exposed to infected birds, often leading to severe symptoms or death. However, it currently lacks mutations making it easily transmissible between humans.
- Emergence of New Clade: The H5N1 (clade 2.3.4.4b) emerged in 2020 and caused a global outbreak, primarily spread by migratory birds.
- Mammalian Infections: H5N1 has been detected in over 200 mammalian species, including humans, and has resulted in millions of bird deaths.
- Genomic Mutation: The PB2-E627K mutation has been identified, associated with enhanced replication in human cells and increased adaptability to humans.





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Types of Influenza Virus

Types

Influenza A

(Infects a wide range of animals including birds)

Influenza B

(Mainly infects humans)

Influenza C

(Infects humans and pigs but more rare than types A and B)

Influenza D

(Infects cattle)

A Subtypes

Avian (Can infect humans) H5N1 H7N3

H7N7 H7N9 H9N2

H10N8 Swine (Can infect humans)

> H1N1 H1N2 H3N2

Most common human H1N1 H3N2

HPAI vs LPAI

HPAI H5N1 LPAI H5N1 HPAI H5N8 LPAI H5N8

Subtypes can be classified as high path or low path based on the ability of the specific virus strain to kill chickens in the lab setting.

Note: -HPAI stands for Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza and LPAI stands for Low Pathogenic Avian Influenza.

How Infected Backyard Poultry Could Spread Bird Flu to People Human Infections with Bird Flu Viruses Rare But Possible

1 Direct Contact

(Mont Common)

Bird flu

virus

Touching virus
and then touching the touching the cysts, noise or mouth

2 Contaminated Surfaces

Healthy looking birds can still spread bird flu

Bird flu

Bird flu

