BISHNOI COMMUNITY – BLACK BUCK & CHINKARA: ENVIRONMENT

NEWS: What exactly were Guru Jambheshwar's principles regarding Thar wildlife?

WHAT'S IN THE NEWS?

In 1998, Salman Khan, Saif Ali Khan, and others allegedly hunted blackbuck in Rajasthan's Kankani village, triggering a legal battle and backlash from the Bishnoi community, known for zealously guarding the wildlife and environment of the Thar Desert.

- **Bishnoi Community:** Based in western Rajasthan, follows 29 principles set by Guru Jambheshwarji in 1485, promoting nature and wildlife protection.
- Ecological Faith:
 - Rule 19: "Not to fell green trees."
 - Rule 18: "Be compassionate towards all living beings."
- Respect for Wildlife: Guru Jambheshwarji taught against harming animals, and the community believes in reincarnation as deer. Blackbuck is considered sacred.
- Special Protection: Blackbuck, chinkara, and other species are often found near Bishnoi villages. The blackbuck is believed to be a manifestation of Guru Jambheshwarji.
- Historical Significance:
 - Khejarli Massacre (1730): 363 Bishnois, including Amrita Devi, sacrificed their lives to protect Khejri trees.
 - The community continues to defend wildlife, often risking their lives to protect it from poachers.

Blackbuck and Chinkara:

Blackbuck (Antilope cervicapra):





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- Native to India and Nepal; **near-threatened** species, protected under **Schedule 1 of** the Wildlife Protection Act (WPA).
- Males have spiral-shaped horns, and the species is adapted to grassy plains and open woodlands.

Chinkara (Gazella bennettii):



- Native to India, Pakistan, and Iran; least concern species, protected under Schedule 1 of WPA.
- Both sexes have straight, ringed horns, and they are adapted to arid conditions.

Source: https://www.downtoearth.org.in/wildlife-biodiversity/the-bishnoi-blackbuck-and-chinkara-what-exactly-were-guru-jambeshwars-principles-regarding-thar-wildlife

