

QUANTUM COMPUTING: SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

NEWS: How quantum computing can make large language models even better

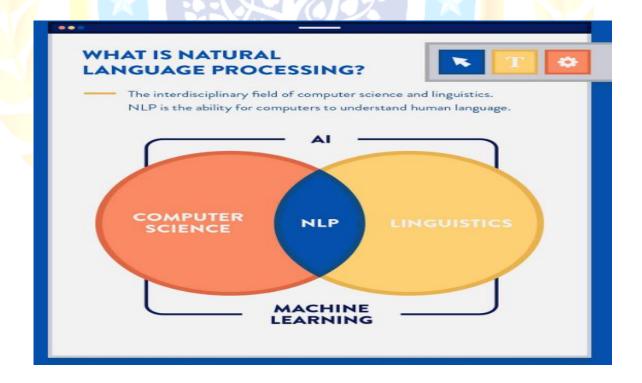
WHAT'S IN THE NEWS?

Embracing QNLP and QGen-AI, and advancements in time-series forecasting, can pave the way for more efficient and performant AI systems

High Energy Consumption:

Large language Models (LLMs) like GPT-3 consume vast energy—1,287 MWh for training, equivalent to 120 years of an average household's energy use, raising sustainability concerns.

- Hallucinations & Pre-training Limitations:
 - LLMs often produce factually incorrect outputs ("hallucinations") due to reliance on pretrained data, lacking real-time verification, which limits their accuracy.
- Syntactic Struggles:
 - While LLMs excel at semantics, they often misinterpret complex grammatical structures, leading to inaccurate text generation.
- Quantum Computing:
 - Quantum computing can reduce LLMs' energy needs by leveraging quantum phenomena like superposition, enhancing efficiency.
- Quantum NLP (QNLP):
 - Quantum Natural Language Processing (QNLP) integrates syntax and semantics more effectively, reducing hallucinations and improving text comprehension.





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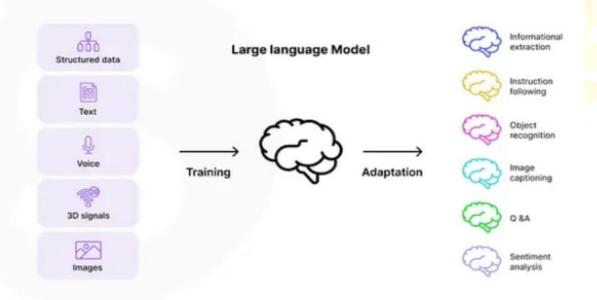


• Quantum Generative Model (QGen):

QGen handles time-series data with fewer parameters, offering more efficient pattern recognition and problem-solving.

• Research Insights:

A Japanese study showed QGen AI outperforms classical models in financial problem-



solving with fewer resources, highlighting quantum AI's potential.

• Future of AI:

Quantum computing could address LLMs' challenges, offering more sustainable, accurate, and efficient AI models.



Source: https://www.thehindu.com/sci-tech/science/how-quantum-computing-can-make-large-language-models-even-better/article68647764.ece

